Code: EM3T2, EC3T3

## II B. Tech - I Semester - Regular Examinations - December 2014

## SIGNALS & SYSTEMS (Common for ECM, ECE)

Duration: 3 hours Marks: 5x14=70

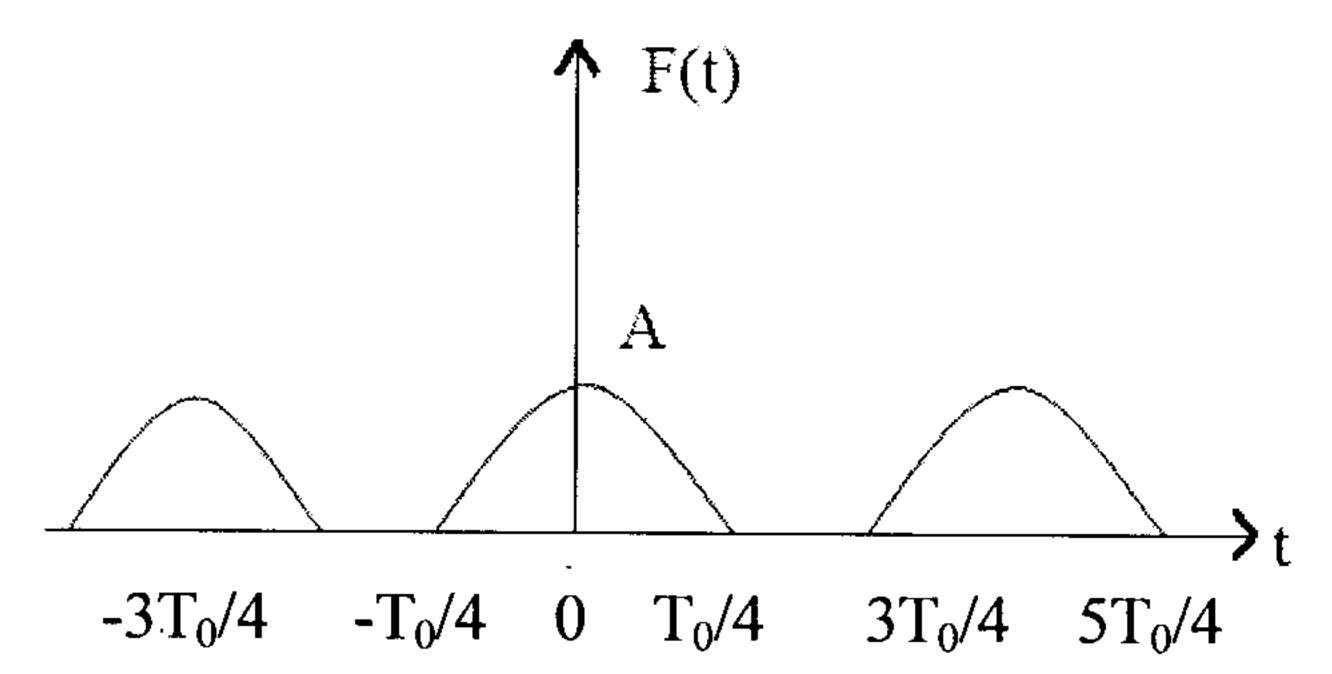
Answer any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks

- 1 Determine whether the following systems are static or Dynamic, Linear or Nonlinear, Shift variant or Invariant, Causal or Non-causal, Stable or unstable.

  14 M
  - (i)  $y(t) = x(t+10) + x^2(t)$
  - (ii) dy(t)/dt + 10 y(t) = x(t).
- 2 A system is described by the differential equation.  $d^2y(t)/dt^2+3dy(t)/dt+2y(t)=dx(t)/dt$  if y(0)=2; dy(0)/dt=1 and  $x(t)=e^{-t}u(t)$ . Determine the response of the system to a unit step input applied at t=0.
- 3 a) Define a complete set and hence show that the error can be minimized when the function f(t) is approximated using n set of orthogonal functions.7 M
  - b) Derive the necessary expression to represent the function f(t) using Trigonometric Fourier series. 7 M

4 a) Determine the complex Fourier series representation of the signal show in the figure below.

7 M



- b) Explain about the properties of continuous time Fourier series.

  7 M
- 5 a) The input and output of a causal LTI system are related by the differential equation. 7 M d<sup>2</sup>y(t)/dt<sup>2</sup>+6dy(t)/dt+8y(t)=2x(t)
  - i) Find the impulse response of the system.
  - ii) What is the response of this system if  $x(t) = t e^{-2t} u(t)$ .
  - b) Bring the equivalence between Laplace transform and Fourier transform.

    7 M
- 6 a) State and prove the circular time shifting and circular frequency shifting properties of discrete Fourier transform.

7 M

- b) Find the discrete Fourier Transform of the following. 7 M
  - (i)  $x(n)=a^n$ , 0 < n < N-1;
  - (ii)  $x(n) = \delta(n-n_0)$  where  $0 < n_0 < N$ ;

- 7 State and prove the sampling theorem. Also explain how reconstruction of original signal is done from sampled signal.

  14 M
- 8 a) Find the inverse z-transform of  $x(z)=(1+3z^{-1})/(1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2})$  using residue method. 7 M
  - b) Give the relationship between z-transform and Fourier transform. 7 M